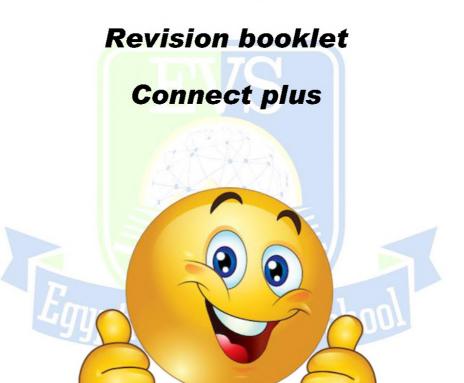


# **Grade 3**





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# Unit 1 " At the track "

# Let's remember

Track – sports event -athlete - competition – throwing compete – high jump – distance- medal – tomorrow

Amazing- weekend- support -worried – win – record – come second – make fun of – apologize -tell secrets

Snack- city -citadel





# Grammar: Future simple ( will )





# **Form**

# subject

# Future will

**Questions** will \ won't will you be ...?

He \ she \ it

We\you\they

will \ won't will\ won't

will he\ she\it be? will we be ..?



We usually use future will when we talk about the future using these

verbs ( think - hope - expect ).

#### **Examples:**

- 1- I think our school will get a medal today.
- 2- We hope Omar will win the race.
- 3- It will be an amazing sports event.
- 4- It won't be difficult to hear him. He is very near.





# Grammar: Comparison of adjectives



Adam is taller than his sister.



The athlete number 4 is faster than number 9.



The athlete number 4 is the fastest one.

We can use comparative adjectives to compare two things or two persons.

Adj + er + than.

We can compare one thing or person to a big group.







# The + adj + est.

#### **Examples:**

- 1- The plane is faster than the car.
- 2- The turtle is slower than the rabbit.
- 3- Retaj is faster than Fares.
- 4- Heba is the smartest girl in our class.5- Dina runs the fastest one in the race.





**Grammar: Conjunctions** 

And - but - or - so - because

# What are the conjunctions?

# Use: we use them to connect two sentences together.

#### **Examples:**

- We play football, but he plays volleyball.
- Do you like the dress or the skirt?
- Sara went to the doctor, because she was sick.

#### 1) Rearrange the following sentences:

-	is – Roaa -absent – she – because- was- sick.
2-	you – eat -meat -Do -or – chicken ?
}-	and – We – basketball – play – tennis .





#### 2)- Unscramble the following words:







a- t-r-c-k

o-c-m-e-pet

s- i -d -t -a -c- n-e

3) - Fill in the blank using words in the box:

athletes - measure - wearing - competition -

- 1- There's a big ..... event tonight.
- 2- I think the player ...... a red T- shirt will win the race.
- 3- We ...... how far he throws the ball.
- 4- Ten ...... are competing for the medal.
- 5- He is going to watch the ..... in the field.

#### 4)-Rewrite the following sentences using words in

#### brackets:

- 1- Adel runs fast. He didn't win the race. (but)
  - \_\_\_\_\_
- 2- She wants some milk. She wants some coffee. (and)





3-	Rehem jumped 127 cm. Mona jumped 120 cm.	(higher)
4-	Nobody is faster than Remas .	( the fastest )
5-	They will buy a new car.	( not )
6-	Eyad is absent. He is sick.	( because )
7-	Rana is 12 years old. Omar is 15 years old.	( younger )
8-	Will they travel to Cairo?	( won't )
9-	I will help my sister in her project.	( not )
10-	Will we visit our uncle tomorrow?	(Yes)

#### 5) Read the following passage , then answer the questions :

Today, Ahmed is at the track. There's a big sports event. Lots of athletes from different schools are competing. They are wearing red, blue, green and black. There are competitions in running, jumping and throwing.

#### **Answer the following questions:**

1-	Where is Ahmed?
2-	What colors are the athletes wearing?
3-	There is a big (War – sports – art) event.
4-	There are competitions in (watching – cycling – throwing )





#### 6)-Order and write the sentences:

1- tired – She – because – is – went – home -she.

\_\_\_\_\_

2- is - My - brother - kind .

-----

3- Will -I – go - the - tomorrow -to – club.

4-won't – she -play – basketball – tomorrow.

5- is – Joudy - happy – comes – because -first – she.

#### 7)-Write a sentence undech picre :



win-competition

......

Adel - race









support – my friends



Virtual School

Ramy – athlete

will - the park





# **Unit 2 " Body Matters "**

# Let's remember

Heart – lungs -brain – skull- veins -arteries – skeleton – blood vessels – nutrients -bones – organ – pump -beat

Protect – helmet -sunglasses -elbow – knee -healthy – breakfast dinner – meal – cycling – skip breakfast-hungry – germs – in good mood life style -layers - sunscreen– do exercise – saliva – stomach- swallow – absorb – digestion .

**Grammar:** Be going to .... (Future)

#### Examples:

- 1- He is going to wear a helmet to protect his skull.
- 2- She is going to go the park today.

#### **Form**

I am – He is – She is + going to + v (inf).





We are - You are - They are + going to + v ( inf).

#### **Negative Form:**

I am – He is – She is + not going to + v (inf).

We are - You are - They are + not going to + v ( inf ).

#### **Question Form:**

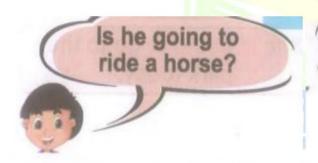
Am I going to  $+ v (inf) \dots$ ?

Is he going to + v (inf)....?

Are we going to +v (inf) .....?

# Use

We use be going to "to speak about plans and intentions in the future.





#### Examples:

Is she going to make a party?

Yes, she is.

Are they going to watch the sports event?

No, they aren't.

#### 1)- Underline the correct answer:

1-It's dark. Iam going to (goes - go - going) bed early.

2-Sometimes she stays ( on -up-in ) late watching TV.





#### 2) - Choose the correct answer.

- 1- They (will -is am) go on a picnic.
- 2- Our (brain leg skeleton) helps us to move.
- 3- My heart pumps (water blood veins) to my body.
- 4- Penguins are (toys living organisms balls)
- 5- Sports make our (brain face muscles) strong.
- 6- Hesham is not (will do going to) travel to Cairo.
- 7- The (mouth stomach heart) digests food.
- 8- The (lungs –nose bones) help me move.
- 9- What' the (wrong feel matter)?
- 10 I go to the doctor, when I am (ill hungry tired).
- 11- You should take some (candy apples medicine), if you are sick.
- 12 Doctors and nurses check our (feet health food).
- 13 My (skin heart skull) protects my body.
- 14 This is my (hands knees back).
- 15 I have one (eyes legs heart).

#### 3) Read the passage and answer the following questions:

When we are ill, we go to the hospital. The doctors and nurses help us. They are very kind. Doctors and nurses check our health. They give us medicine. They are very important to us.

- 1- When do we go the hospital? -----
- 2- Who check our health? -----
- 3- They give us (medicine hospital nurse).
- 4- Doctors are very (ill sad important).





#### 4-Complete with the (ck - sk) to supply the missing parts







Ki -----

----ir

----- y

#### 5)-Rearrange the following sentences to make meaningful

#### <mark>sentences:</mark>

- 1- healthy Eat food.
- 2- feel <u>How</u> do you?
- 3- lungs Our important are.
- 4- beats-  $\underline{\text{Your}}$  heart 70 times.
- 5- controls- Our -everything- brain .
- 6-  $carry \underline{Veins} blood to the heart.$
- $\overline{\text{7- if you } \text{Stay}} \text{home fever -at have a}$ .
- 8- stomach My hurts.
- 9- heart pumps <u>– The</u> body blood to my.
- 10- share  $-\underline{\text{Dina}}$  is going to competition in .





#### 6)-Unscramble the words:



#### 7)\_Read the passage then answer the questions :

When we swallow food, it goes to our stomach. We get energy and nutrients from the food we eat .But our bodies have to change the food, so it can use it. It has to break down the food before it can absorb it. We chew food in our mouths using our teeth, tongue and jaw. We need saliva to help us to do this. This is a liquid made in our mouth. Then we swallow the food. Muscles help to push it down to the stomach.

#### **Answer the following questions:**

- 1-What do we get from the food we eat?
- 2- Where do we chew our food?

#### **Choose the correct answer:**

3- When we swallow food, it goes to our	
(Legs – stomach – arteries)	
- is a liquid made in our mouth (Tongue – '	Water – Saliva)

#### 8) Copy the following sentence:

Our lungs are very important





# 9) \_Rewrite the following sentences using the words in

#### <u>brackets:</u>

1-	They won't watch TV.	(Going to)	
2-	She is going to travel on Sunday.	(Not)	
3-	We like pizza.	(don't)	
4-	He plays outside.	(doesn't)	
5-	Will you go shopping?	(going to )	

# 10)-Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue:

#### (skin – lots of – layers -organ)

Omar: What's the largest ..... in our body?

Sarah: It is our .....

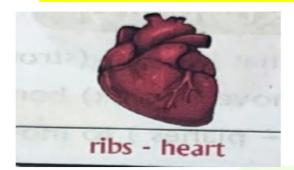
Omar: How many ...... has our skin got?

Sara: Our skin has ...... Layers.





#### 11)\_Write a sentence under each picture:





#### skeleton - move



#### 12) Underline the correct word between brackets:

- 1- (Top Middle Bottom) layer attaches your skin to your bones and muscles .
- 2- We have got (blood water milk) vessels in the middle layers.
- 3- Our (heart skin mouth) keeps us cool in hot weather.
- 4- You can get (sunglasses sun burn sunscreen) from the sun.
- 5- Our body has to (break down eat swallow) the food before it absorb it .
- 6- We get (muscles tongue energy) from the food we eat.
- 7- Saliva is a liquid made in our (mouths lungs stomach).
- 8- Skin is the largest (nose organ ribs) in our body.





- 9- Are you (will -go going to) climb the rocks?
- 10- We aren't (doing going to taking) swim in the pool.
- 11- I am not going to (wears wearing wear) a helmet
- 12-My dad is (go going) to travel to Alex.
- 13 We (are going is going) to paint our house.
- 14- Dina (is going am going) to share in the competition.
- 15- I (am are) going to take a music.

13)-Check your	vocabulary:		
	Stom	sku	
	Bon	mou	
	Skel	Sal	
	Heal	Lun	
	Diges	swal	)
Eg	ypin )	WO1	





#### Unit 3 "What's in your plate? "

# Let's remember

Carbohydrates - fat - fiber - minerals - dairy - protein - sugar vitamins - dehydrated - hydrated - joints - toxins -calories enough - percent - fiction - pollution - nutrition -bread - pasta cheese - butter - meat - chicken- balance diet - good for - contain
- healthy diet - humans - soil - roots - cereal - dried fruitpackage

Grammar: Should \ Shouldn't





We should eat healthy food .





# **Form**

Should\shouldn't + v (inf)

**Should** + **sub** + **v** ( **inf** ) **......**?



We use should \ shouldn't to say what is the right thing to do and also to give advice.

#### **Examples:**

- 1- You should eat fruit every day.
- 2- We should sleep for 8 hours every night.
- 3- You shouldn't drink water when doing exercises.

#### 1)-Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Nour: Should I eat healthy lunch every day?	
Sally:	
Nour:	?
Sally: No you shouldn't eat cookies every day	





#### 2)-Check your vocabulary:

1- Carbohyd	7- tox
2- Fru	8- joi
3- Prote	9 — nutria
4- Vegetab	10 – calor
5- Miner	11- heal
6- Dehydra	12 – swe

#### 3)-Rearrange the following sentences to make meaningful

#### sentences :

much – does <u>– How</u> – sugar – a – have – dried fruit?
 eat – <u>We</u> – much – salt – shouldn't.
 sugar – <u>Natural</u> – in – fruit – healthy – very -is .
 favorite – snack – is <u>– My</u> – a – bar – dried fruit.

#### 4)-Rewrite the following sentences using words in brackets:

1) - It's good for your teeth to drink milk.	(Should)
2) - It's very bad to eat much sweets.	(Shouldn't)
3) - It's important to drink water after doing exercises.	(Should)
4) – It's bad to eat cookies every day.	(Shouldn't)
5) – It's good to listen to your teachers in class.	(Should)





#### 5)-Supply the missing dialogue between Mazen and Lara:

Mazen: Where can plants get water from?	
Lara:	
Mazen	.?
Lara: We can get water from milk and juice.	

#### 6)-Read the passage then answer the questions:

We can preserve food by keeping it cold. Fridges and freezers keep our food cold. We can smoke food over a fire to make it last longer. And we can preserve food with salt. Salt takes out the water.

- 1)- How can we preserve food?
- 2) How can we smoke food?

#### 3) - Choose the correct answer:

a- (Fridges – salt – water) keeps our food cold.

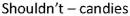
b-We smoke food over (grill – oven – fire).





#### 7)-Write a sentence under each picture describing it







calories - sugar



milk - dairy food



fruits - delicious

#### 8)-Underline the correct answer:

- 1- There are healthy fats in (chocolate butter sugar).
- 2- (Fats Salt Calcium) is important to our bones.
- 3- Cheese and milk are (sweets dairy carbohydrates) food.
- 4- Fiber is important in a (healthy unhealthy bad -) diet.
- 5- (Butter Vitamins Sugar) is very important to our bodies.
- 6- Sara (should shouldn't need) eat much candies every day.
- 7- During school days, we (shouldn't should want) get up late.
- 8- (Toxins Sweat Skull) is a liquid that comes out of your skin, when you are hot.

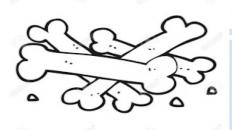




- 9- When your body gets enough water, it is (dehydrated hydrated temperature).
- 10- It's good for your (joints bike heart) to be hydrated.

#### 9)-Supply the missing letters:







Dri..... fruit

Digs	es	carbos

#### 10)-Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:

Salma:		?
Omar: My favorite snack is cookies and candies.	201	
Salma: Did you know sugar is bad for you heart and teeth.	IOOT	
Omar:		

11) Check your vocabular	Y
--------------------------	---

Lun.....

Stom.....
biscui....

Pla....

Prot....

Chi.....





#### 12)-Punctuate the following sentences:

- 1- Sami should drink much water every day
- 2- what s in your plate
- 3- i am excited my dad bought me a bike







# Theme 2 Unit (4) At the wild

#### **Dictionary words:**

Wildlife	Wild birds, plants and animals
Close to	Near to
Hunt	Chase wild animals
Behave	Act
Habitat	Place where animals live
Burrow	A hole in the ground
Shelter	A place that gives protection
Grassland	A large area of land covered with glass
Swamp	Soft wet land
Pollution	Making land, water or air dirty
Deforestation	Cutting down trees
Flood	When water covers the land
Drought	When there isn't enough water





# Language use (Might- might not)

#### Use:

We use might/ might not to say what probably happens (or doesn't happen) according to what we think or guess.

#### Form:

#### **Affirmative**

Might+ v (inf.)

#### Negative:

Might not+ v (inf.)

Ex. I think elephants might eat grass

Ex. I guess monkeys might not fly.

# **Unit (5)**

# All about water

#### **Dictionary words:**

oasis	A place where there is a big spring
Spring	A place where water comes up naturally
Soak	To make something wet
Shade	An area that is out of direct sunlight
Protection	Keeping something safe





Water cycle When water travels from the land to the sea		
Evaporation	The sun heat causes evaporation of water from the surface of rivers and the sea	
Condensation Happens when water vapor rises and gets cooler.		
Precipitation	When water falls from clouds as rain	

# Language use

# **Present perfect**

#### Use:

We use present perfect tense o talk about our previous experiences.

#### Form:

Has/Have + past participle

- Statement: she has seen that movie many times.
- Question: Have you seen that movie many times? Yes, I have- No, I haven't
- Negative: You have not seen that movie many times.

#### **Ever**

We use 'ever' with questions.

Ex. Have you ever studied German? Yes, I have.

Ex. Have you ever seen a camel? No, I haven't.

#### Never

It is used in the statements to talk about things you have not done at any time in your life.

- She has never eaten sushi.
- We have never visited the park.





# <u>Unit (6)</u>

# What is a flood?

#### **Dictionary words:**

Barrier	An object that prevents water moving from one place to another.
Dam	A wall built across a river to hold back the water.
Canal	A channel that is cut through land so that the boats or ships can travel
	along it.
Drain	A hole that dirty water goes down
Ruin	To damage or destroy something
Wash away	To carry something away with water
Collapse	To fall down
Minimize	To make something smaller or less.
predict	To say what might happen in the future.
Meteorologists	People who study the weather
Severe	Very serious
Scary	Frightening
Volunteer	People who work without getting paid.
Irrigation	Supply land and crops with water
Desalination	Removing salt from sea water





# Language use

# **Many- Much- Enough**

Many: used before the countable nouns (plural)

Ex. There are many books on the shelf.

**Too many:** used before plural nouns to mean 'more than we need' or 'more than is necessary'.

Ex. There are too many cars in the street.

Much: used before an uncountable nouns (singular)

Ex. There is much water in the bottle.

Too much: used before uncountable nouns to mean 'more than we need' or 'more than is necessary'.

Ex. There us too much sugar in the tea.

**Enough:** used before the countable and the uncountable nouns.s

Ex. There is enough salt in the soup.

Ex. There are enough girls in the class.

Not enough: used to say that something is less than we want or we need.

Ex. There isn't enough water in the bottle. Ex. There aren't enough students in the class.





# 1- Choose the correct answer:

1-	s a poisonous snake.
a-	Cobra
b-	Cheetah
c-	Sea lion
2-	is a type of large seal.
a-	Sloth
b-	Macaw
c-	Sealion
3-	is an <mark>animal that</mark> moves slowly.
a-	Macaw
b-	Sloth
c-	Cobra
4-	is the fastest animal.
a-	Sloth
b-	Cheetah
c-	Macaw Syphan Virtual School
5-	is an extremely large, long tailed parrot
a-	Sloth
b-	Cobra
c-	Macaw
6-	is a small wild animal with fur that looks like a dog.
a-	Fennec fox
b-	Spider monkey
c-	Sloth
7-	Crayfishunder rocks in rivers.
	a- eat





	b-	build
	c-	hide
8-	Ra	bbits and foxes takein their burrows.
	a-	nests
	b-	holes
	c-	shelters
9-	I th	nink monkeysfly.
	a-	might
	b-	might not
	c-	shouldn't
10-	A	habitat is a place with a particular kind ofand landscape.
	a-	climate
	b-	sunshine
	c-	ice
11-	Α.	can hold water for years.
	a-	date
	b-	cactus
	c-	Crocodile Syptian Virtual School
12-	The	ere isn't enough
	a-	cars
	b-	pencils
	c-	Sugar
13-	Th	ere is toocoffee.
	a-	few
	b-	many
	c-	much
	d-	





14- He	knows a lot of things .He is
a-	funny
b-	wise
c-	lazy
15- Sh	e works in a team .She is
a-	mean
b-	lazy
c-	cooperative
16- Th	ereenough desks.
a-	is
b-	isn't
c-	aren't
17- Ah	med makes people <mark>laugh.</mark> He is
a-	funny
b-	mean
c-	lazy
18- Ri	vers don't havewater.
a-	fresh Egyptian Virtual Sc.
b-	rain
c-	salt
19- Sq	uirrels dig
a-	bars
b-	burrows
c-	pairs
20- A	is a wet land where there's lots of trees.
a-	desert
b-	swamp
c-	Landscape





21- I Seen a snake before.
a- ever
b- hasn't
c- haven't
22- A/An is an imaginary line all around the middle of the earth.
a- equator
b- volcano
c- wetland
23 has vitamins and minerals in it.
a- Baskets
b- Basil
c- Bell
24- The rain Into the earth
a- talks
b- looks
c- soaks
25- We need to install a to remove the water.
a- bell Syppian Virtual School
b- pump
c- sandbag
26- hydroponic farming grows plants in, not soil
a- desert
b- sand
c- Water
27- Waterwheels used the of running water to move machines.
a- color
b- smell
c- energy





28 means taking the salt out of sea water to get fresh water
a- Desalination
b- Evaporation
c- Condensation
29- The High Dam is the in the world.
a- shortest
b- largest
c- smallest
30 are people who study the weather
a- Meteorologists
b- Firefighters
c- Teachers
31- Floods can make bridges and buildings
a- Build
b- Collapse
c- Water
32- We should cooperate to the dangerous effects of floods.
a- minimize Syyptian Virtual 5chows
b- install
c- bring
33- The High Dam makes Nasser.
a- ocean
b- lake
c- river
34- They used to make the wheels go round.
a- cats
b- dogs
c- oxens





35- An aqueduct moves water from..... into cities.

1- kind - a - Cobra - snakes - is - dangerous - of.

3- lives - desert - Fennec fox - the - in .

- a- oceans
- b- seas
- c- rivers

# 2- Rearrange the following sentences:

- 2- is bird colorful The macaw a.
- 4- very The moves slowly sloth .
- 5- has arms Spider monkey long.
- 6- oasis Siwa a is interesting very place.
  - 7- The soaks rain the into Earth.
  - 8- We grow can plants many the in oasis.
- .....
  - 9- oasis An –place is a there where are –springs.
- 10- of –There two are liquid types water.
- .....
- 11- cold It's in Winter .





12- are - to - in - Camels - survive - the -adapted -desert.	ات جاهزه للطباعة
13- can – store - Cactus – water.	
14- turns — Heat — into - water — vapor .	
15- use — People — to — keep — sandbag — water —out	
16- moves – Water – pip <mark>es – under – in – ground- the</mark> .	
17- People – barriers – put – to – water – stop – the – in - street.	
18- dam – A – stops – in – a – water - river.	
19- homes – water – ruin – Flood – can.	
20- can – We – streets – our – protect – barriers -with .	
21- Flood—wash — water — away — can — cars- and - roads.	
22- The- dry- desert- hot- and- is.	
23- a lot- was- There- lightening- of.	
24- High- is- The- Dam- the- world- largest- in-the.	
25- Friend's- to-Listen- ideas- your.	





# 3- Look at the picture and write the missing parts:



Birds build..... in trees.



2- Owls live in ..... in trees.



3- Foxes dig ...... in the ground.



4- A .....lives in rivers.



5-Penguins..... in a colony.



6- Lions ..... animals to eat.



7- It's an.....



8- It's a.....







9- These are.....

10- He is.....

# 4- Read and complete:

(A)
run off - evaporation - water cycle - condensation – groundwater- precipitation
1 is when falls from clouds as rain.
2- Water that lands on the ground and travels in rivers is called
3- Some water soaks into the ground as
4- The sun causesof water from the surface of rivers
and the sea.
5
pump – flood – barrier – sandbags
When there is a





# 5- Read and match:

(A) 1- A camel has wide A- skin. ) B- water falls from clouds as rain. ( 1- The cheetah is taking 2- A cactus plant has thick C- a shelter under a tree. 3- Precipitation is when D- hooves (B) 1- Rabbits dig burrows A- a colony. 2- Penguins gather in B- hide under rocks. 3- Lions and cheetahs hunt C- in the ground 4- Crayfish live in rivers and D- animals to eat.

# 6- Read and answer the questions:

I decided to eat less sugar. I looked carefully at the snacks I was choosing. Now I have plain yogurt, and I don't drink chocolate milk. I drink more water and I eat fruit. I still enjoy sweet snack, like chocolate cookies, but I don't eat them every day. I have more energy, and I sleep better at night.

(1)

#### A) Answer the following questions:

1. Why shouldn't	we have too much s	sugar?	

2. Do you eat sweet snacks every day?





.....

- B) Choose the correct answer between the brackets:
- 3. I eat (plain sweet salt) yogurt now.
- 4. If you have less sugar, you will (lose win water) your weight easily.

(2)

Grassland habitats are places that receive more rain than deserts but less precipitation than forests. Most of the plants here are grass, which don't need as much water as forest vegetation. Every continent except Antarctica has grasslands, but they have different names in different places: In Africa, they're called savannas and veldts; pampas in South America; steppes in in Europe and Asia; prairies or grasslands in North America; and rangelands in Australia. One-fourth of the planet is covered by grasslands. Grasslands are usually found in the dry interior of continents, between the mountains and deserts. Many grasslands were formed tens of thousands of years ago after the last ice age, when the Earth began to warm up and the climate became drier.

#### A) Answer the following questions:

1. What are grasslands?	
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2. Why aren't there any grasslands in Antarctica?	

.....

**B)** Read and put  $(\sqrt{})$  or  $(\times)$ :

- 1. Grasslands are called savannas in Europe. ()
- 2. It is rainy in grasslands. ()
- 3. 75% of the planet covered by grasslands. ()
- 4. Grasslands formed when the earth become colder. ( )





# 7- Rewrite the sentences using the words

# in brackets:

1-	I think the watch is expensive.	(might)	
2-	I don't think elephants can eat meat.	(might not)	
3-	There are too many rulers.	(not enough)	
4-	There isn't enough juice.	(too much)	0
5-	There aren't enough dates.	(too many)	
6-	There is too much rice.	(not enough)	
7-	Heba has climbed a mountain.	( I and Heba)	
8-	They haven't tried a coffee.	(never)	
9-	They have seen a big lake.	(not)	
10-	Yes, I have eaten Italian food.	(Have you)	
11-	Adel might come late.	( not)	
12-	Volcano is one of the biggest disasters.	(What)	





13- There are ten cars in the street.	(How many)	

# 8 - Supply the missing letters:



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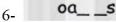


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